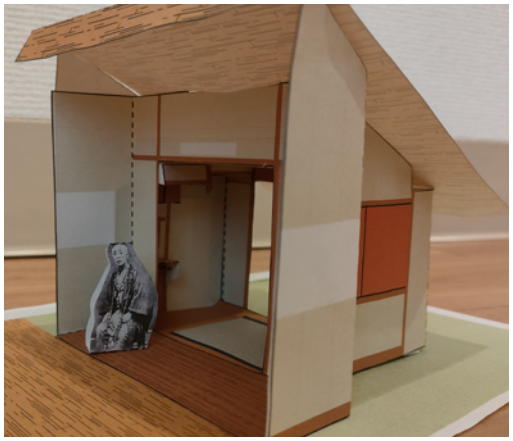
国際基督教大学博物館 湯浅八郎記念館

松浦武四郎の書斎「一畳敷」

The One-Mat Room: Matsuura Takeshirō's Private Study

「一畳敷」とは北海道の名付け親として知られる松浦武四郎(1818～1888)によって、1886(明治19)年、神田五軒町の自宅に増築された畳一枚の小さな書斎である。友人、知人から譲り受けた神社仏閣など歴史的建造物の古材で作られている。武四郎の没後、「一畳敷」は徳川頼倫(1872～1925)によって保存され、頼倫自身が古材を集めて設計した「高風居」と呼ばれる茶室に取り付けられた。1936(昭和11)年頃に別荘として建設された「泰山荘」の茶室として三鷹に移築され、現在は国の登録有形文化財としてキャンパスに残っている。



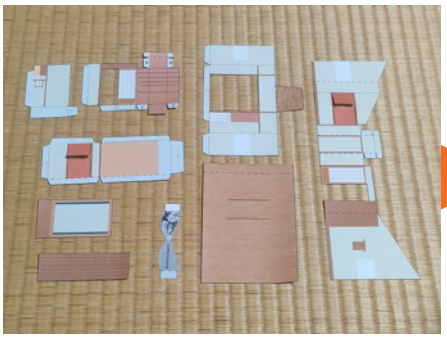
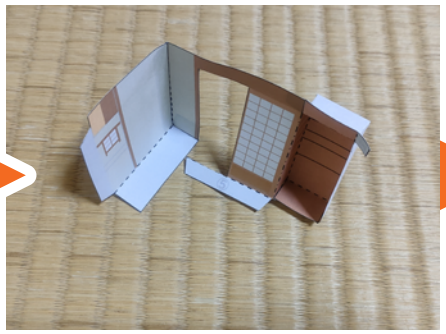
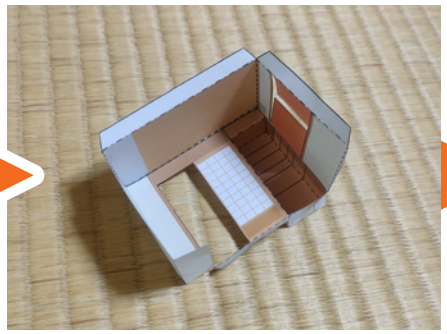
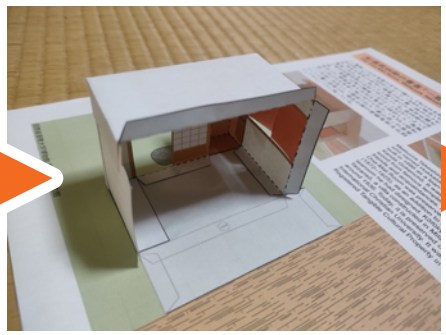
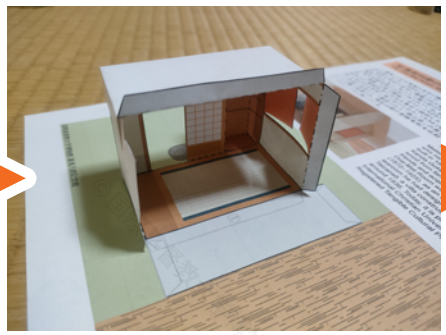
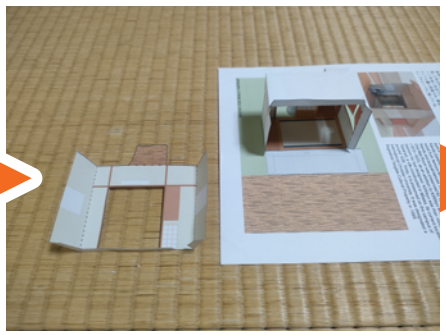
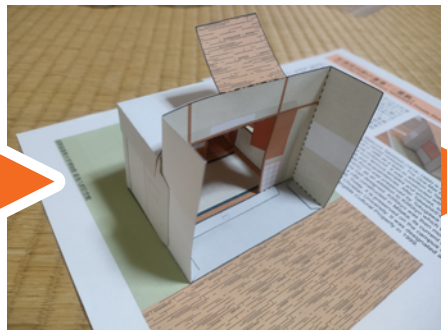
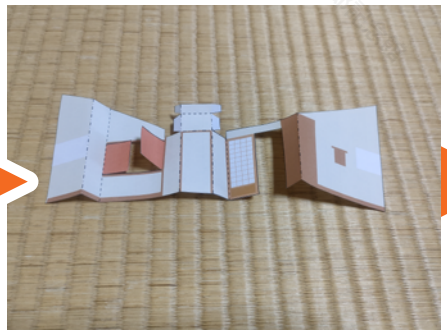
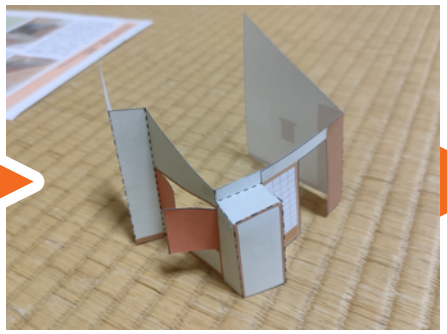
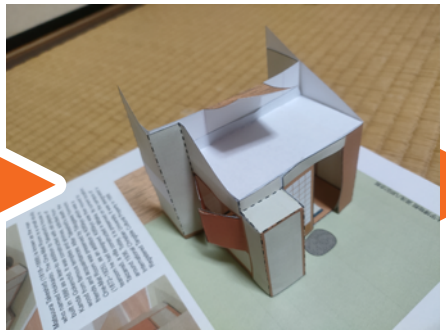
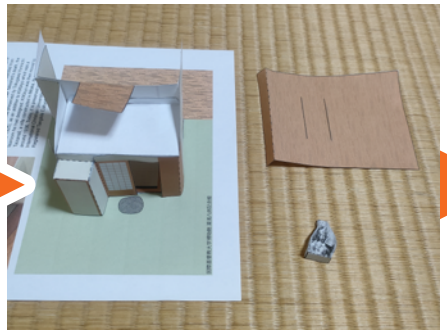
Matsuura Takeshirō (1818–1888) is known as the man who named Hokkaido. The One-Mat Room is a small study built in 1886 as a lean-to addition to Takeshirō's house in Kanda Gokenchō. It was constructed with old pieces of wood from famous temples and shrines, solicited from friends and acquaintances. After Takeshirō's death, the One-Mat Room was preserved by Tokugawa Yorimichi (1872–1925), as an addition to Kōfūkyo which was a tearoom he had designed. Kōfūkyo was then moved to Taizansō, a villa constructed in Mitaka, its current location, around 1936. Today, it is preserved on the campus of International Christian University. It was designated a Registered Tangible Cultural Property in 1999.

ペーパークラフトのつくりかた

用意するもの：

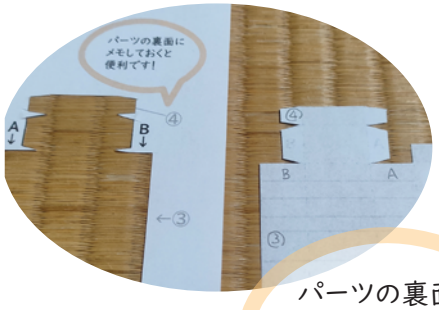
はさみ・カッター（定規もあるとさらに便利です）
のり（スティックのりがおすすめ）
えんぴつなど筆記用具
コピー用紙等の薄手の紙に印刷した本紙

START

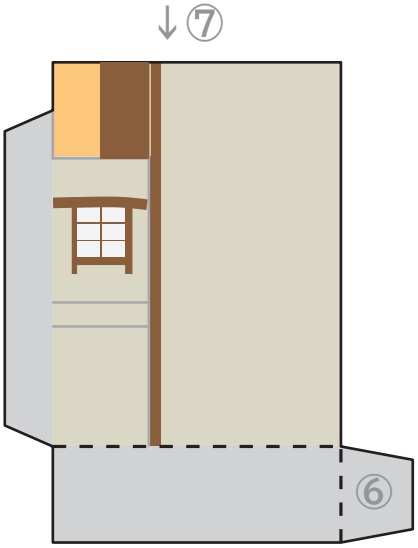
FINISH!

- ‒・‒・‒ 山折り
- ‒ ‒ ‒ ‒ ‒ 谷折り
- ←③ ③の面を裏面に貼りつける
- × 切り抜く
- ▭ のりしろ

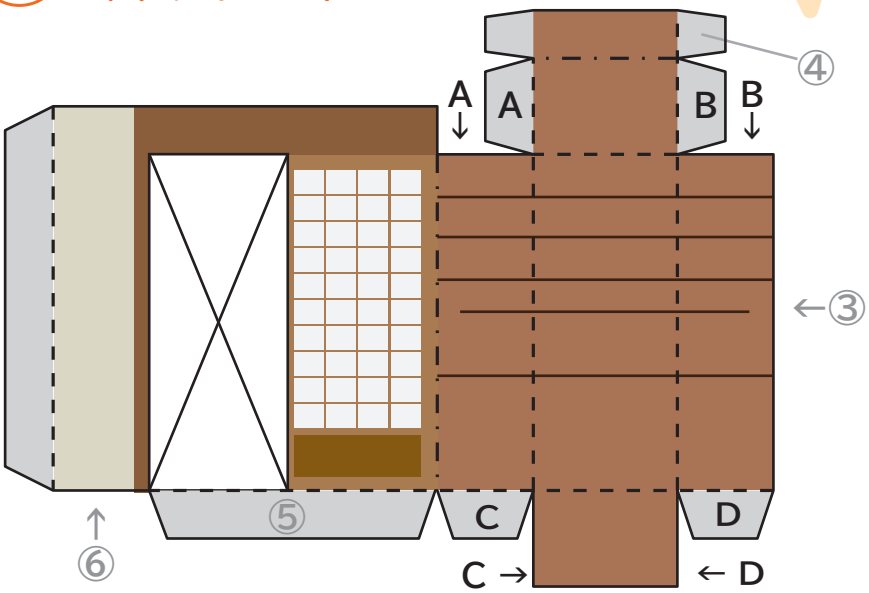


パーツの裏面に
メモしておくと
便利です！

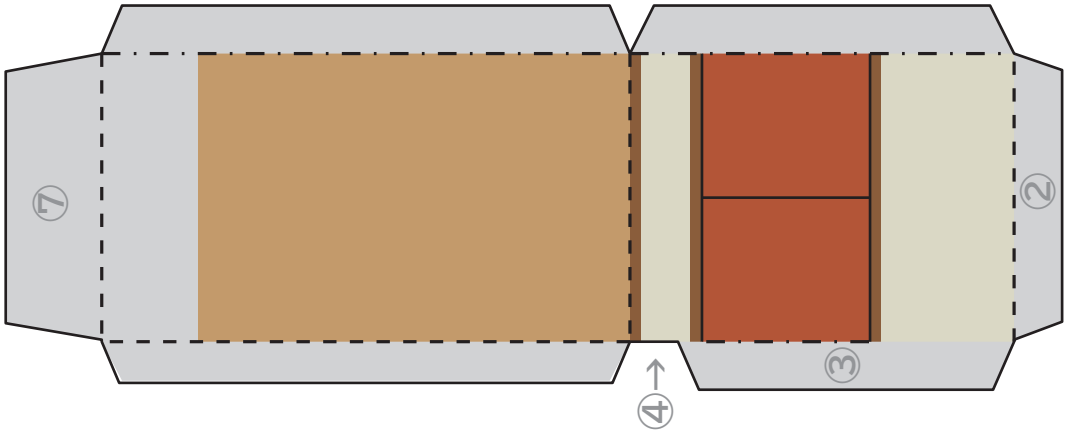
① 床の間



② 書棚と障子

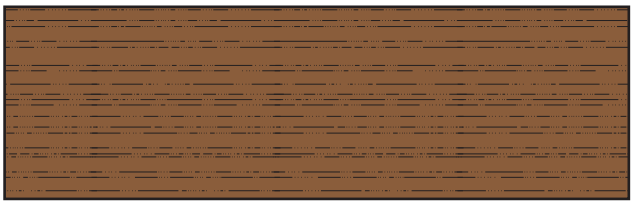


③ 天井と壁



④ 廊下と畳

裏面にのりを塗る ⤵



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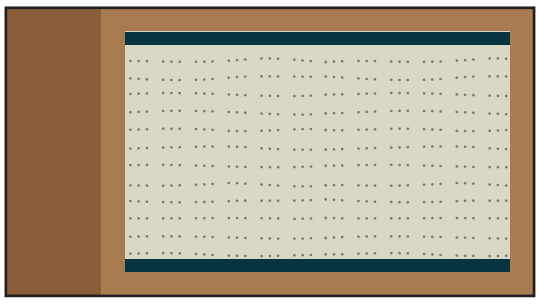

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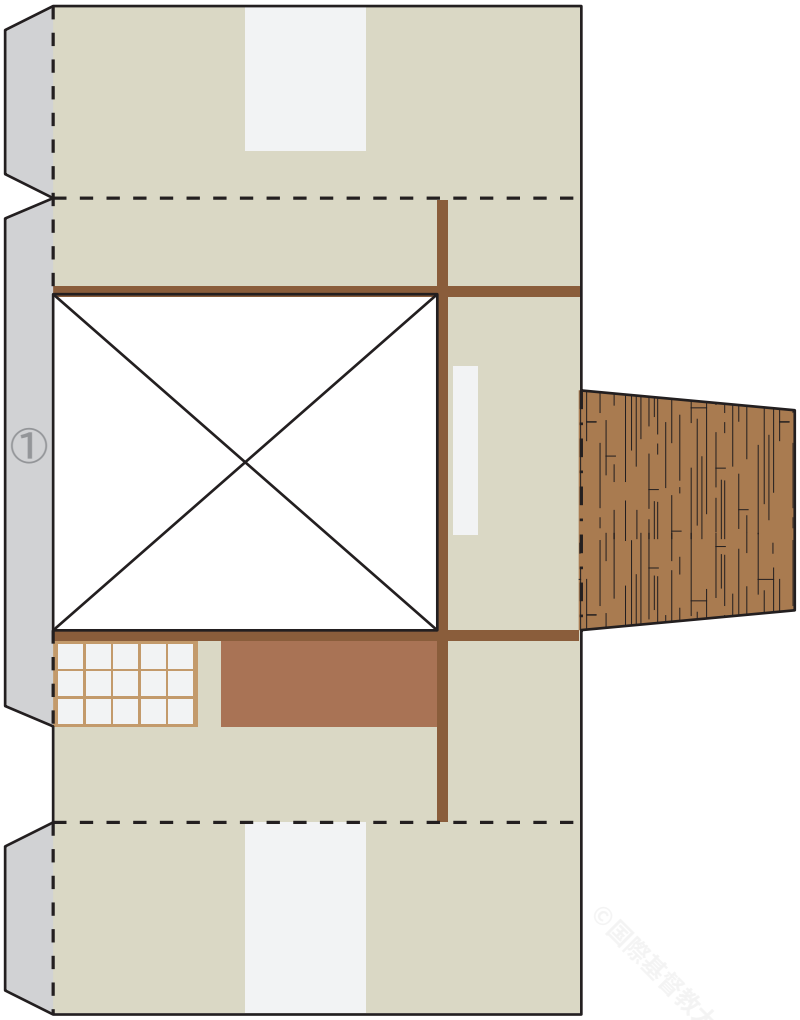

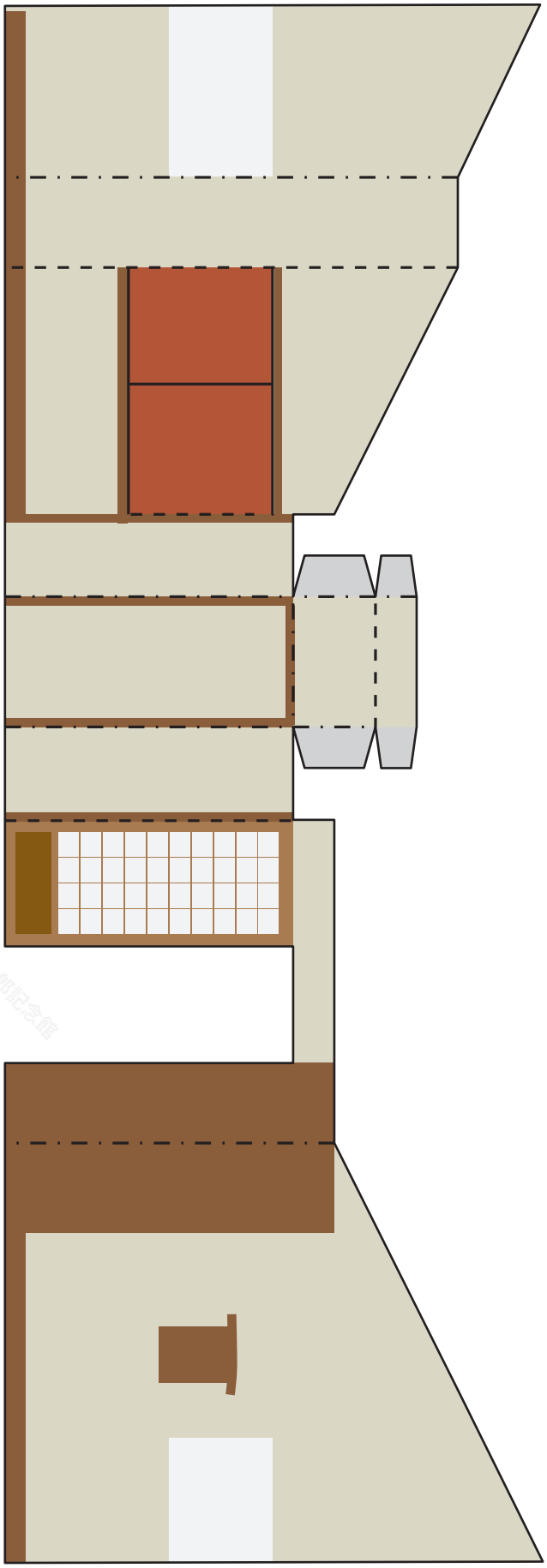

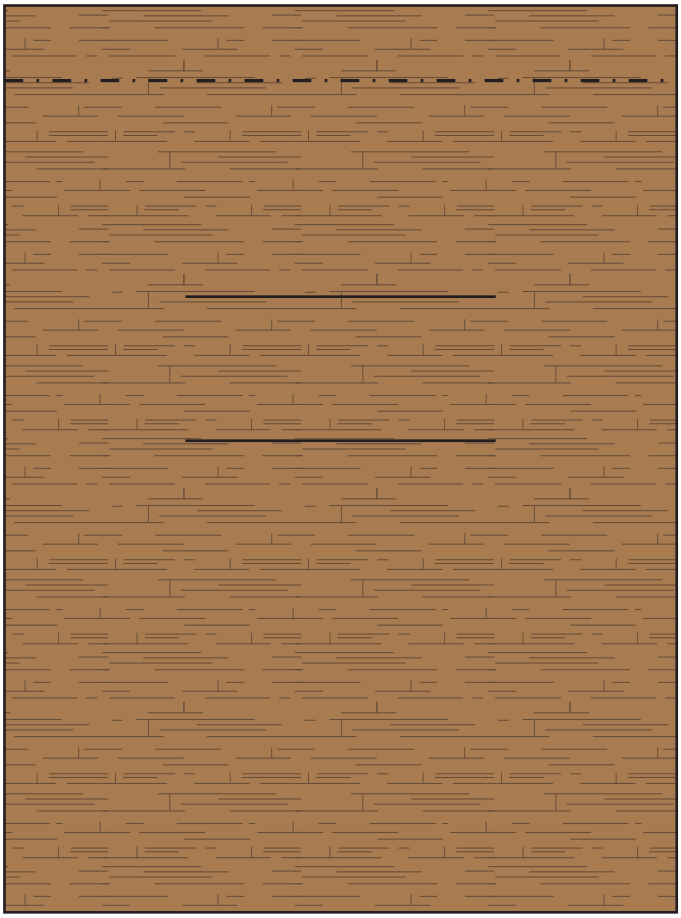

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